

Appendix F
RS 2477 Rights-of-Way

Koyukuk Refuge

RST #1888: "Hogatza Road" The route originates at Hog Landing on the north bank of the Koyukuk River; heads northeast, crossing Sixmile Pass; then west crossing First Creek and High Creek; then northeast, crossing Caribou, Moraine and Dry creeks; reaches Hogatza (on the south side of Bear Creek); continues northeast, crossing Wallick Creek; and terminates at a landing strip on Clear Creek. It was an early mining-access route. A mining camp was established at Hogatza in 1940; and in 1955, a mining company began constructing a corduroyed road from Hog Landing to Hogatza. The route is approximately 28 miles long, only a small portion of which lies within the northern boundaries of the Refuge.

Nowitna Refuge

RST #840: "Palisades Portage Trail" The route originates on the south bank of the Yukon River across from Grant Creek; runs 4 miles south; then 15 miles west to meet the Yukon River near the Palisades. Documentation on files shows use of the route had occurred by 1952, and reservations along the route can be found in Public Land Order 4582. The route is approximately 19 miles long.

Near the Northern Boundary of the Nowitna Refuge

RST #99: "Illinois Creek-Moran Creek Trail" (approximately 24 miles)

RST #287: "Ft. Gibbon-Kaltag Trail" (approximately 257 miles)

RST #837: "Grant Creek-Moran Dome Trail" (approximately 15 miles)

RST #1843: "Hudson Camp Trail" (approximately 13 miles)

RST #1844: "Little Mezolitna Hot Springs Trail" (approximately 27 miles)

RST #1846: "Melozitna Hot Springs Trail" (approximately 16 miles)

RST #1849: "Horner Hot Springs Trail" (approximately 0.75 miles)

Northern Unit, Innoko Refuge

RST #161: "Nulato-Dishkaket Trail" The route originates at Nulato; heads south paralleling the Yukon River until meeting the Kaltag-Dishkaket section of the Iditarod Trail; then heads east, following the Iditarod Trail to Dishkaket. This trail connects the Yukon River and the Iditarod Trail, and was also used as a mail trail connecting Nulato and Dishkaket. The route is approximately 90 miles long.